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8	BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS				
9	FOR THE BUREAU OF AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
10					
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 77/14-38				
12	Could was a proper status. Various and a property				
13	KEW CORPORATION, INC. dba DODGE CHRYSLER JEEP OF				
14	VACAVILLE CLARENCE WILLIAMS, JR., A C C U S A T I O N				
15	PRESIDENT 681 Orange Drive				
16	Vacaville, CA 95687				
17	Automotive Repair Dealer Registration No. ARD 216027				
18	Smog Check Station License No. RC 216027				
19	Respondent.				
20					
21					
22	Complainant alleges:				
23	PARTIES				
24	1. Patrick Dorais (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in his official capacity as				
25	the Chief of the Bureau of Automotive Repair (Bureau), Department of Consumer Affairs.				
26	In or around 2001, the Bureau issued Automotive Repair Dealer Registration Number				
27	ARD 216027 to Kew Corporation, Inc., dba Dodge Chrysler Jeep of Vacaville, Clarence				
28	Williams, Jr., President (Respondent). The Automotive Repair Dealer Registration was in full				
	1 ACCUSATION				

force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on April 30, 2014, unless renewed.

3. On or about April 11, 2008, the Bureau issued Smog Check Station License Number RC 216027 to Respondent. The Smog Check Station License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on April 30, 2014, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

- 4. This Accusation is brought before the Director of Consumer Affairs (Director) for the Bureau of Automotive Repair under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
- 5. Section 9884.13 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a valid registration shall not deprive the Director of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary proceeding against an automotive repair dealer or to render a decision temporarily or permanently invalidating (suspending or revoking) a registration.
 - 6. Section 118 of the Code states:

The suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law of a license issued by a board in the department, or its suspension, forfeiture, or cancellation by order of the board or by order of a court of law, or its surrender without the written consent of the board, shall not, during any period in which it may be renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated, deprive the board of its authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order suspending or revoking the license or otherwise taking disciplinary action against the licensee on any such ground.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

- 7. Section 9884.7 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- (a) The director, where the automotive repair dealer cannot show there was a bona fide error, may refuse to validate, or may invalidate temporarily or permanently, the registration of an automotive repair dealer for any of the following acts or omissions related to the conduct of the business of the automotive repair dealer, which are done by the automotive repair dealer or any automotive technician, employee, partner, officer, or member of the automotive repair dealer.
- (1) Making or authorizing in any manner or by any means whatever any statement written or oral which is untrue or misleading, and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading.

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with the following:

(2) The invoice shall separately list, describe and identify all of the following:

(A) All service and repair work performed, including all diagnostic and warranty work, and the price for each described service and repair.

COSTS

12. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

UNDERCOVER OPERATION #1 - September 18, 2012

- 13. On or about September 18, 2012, Bureau employees performed an undercover operation at the subject facility using a 2002 Dodge. Prior to initiating the undercover operation, Bureau personnel had inspected and documented the Dodge. The only repairs needed for the vehicle to be safely driven were replacement of the front brake pads and replacement of the engine oil and filter.
- 14. On or about September 18, 2012, a Bureau undercover operator drove the Dodge to the subject facility and spoke with an employee by the name of Frank Mendoza (Mendoza). The operator requested an oil change and asked Mendoza to check the brakes and determine why the vehicle seemed to ride strange. Mendoza told the operator that he would call her after he had performed an inspection of the vehicle. Later in the day on September 18, 2012, Mendoza called the operator and told her the following: the Dodge's front brakes needed to be replaced; the vehicle's front sway bar bushings and link bearings were worn out and needed to be replaced; and the cost of the repairs would be around \$1,080. The operator authorized the repairs.

- 15. On or about September 20, 2012, the operator returned to the subject facility to pick up the Dodge. Mendoza informed the operator that the vehicle's front brake pads had been replaced, the rotors had been machined, and the vehicle's sway bar bushings were completely crushed flat and the link bearings were shot. The operator paid \$1,084.41 for the repairs and received a copy of invoice
- states: "installed 10121 oil flush." The Dodge's owner's manual, however, does not recommend that oil flush cleaner and conditioner be added to the engine oil. The invoice also states: "Recommend 30,000 mile interval premium service due to time and mileage" Based on the vehicle's owner's manual, this recommendation was not required for the Dodge. Upon re-inspection of the Dodge, a Bureau representative determined that the vehicle's front brake rotors had been replaced. The vehicle's front brake rotors, however, were in good, serviceable condition and were not in need of replacement. The Bureau representative further determined that the vehicle's front sway bar bushings and end links had been replaced as invoiced. The vehicle's front suspension stabilizer bar end links and mounting bushings, however, were in good, serviceable condition and were not in need of replacement.
- 17. Bureau personnel determined that Respondent's facility charged the operator \$922.33 in unnecessary parts and labor. The costs paid for these unnecessary parts and labor are shown in Table #1 below.

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TABLE #1

Description	Parts Cost	Service/installation labor cost
Front brake rotors (2)	\$71.98	\$195.00
Oil flush	\$25.99	
Front sway bar bushings and links	\$163.98	\$420.00
Tax	\$45.38	
Total Parts	\$307.33	
Total Labor	\$615.00	
Total Fraud	\$922.33	

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Untrue and/or Misleading Statements)

- 18. Respondent's registration is subject to discipline under section 9884.7, subdivisions (a)(1) and/or (a)(6) of the Code and California Code of Regulations, title 16, sections 3371 and 3373, in that Respondent made or authorized statements that he knew or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known to be untrue and/or misleading, as follows:
- Respondent's employee told the Bureau's operator that the Dodge needed certain parts that were not in need of replacement.
- Respondent's employee listed on the invoice for the repairs to the Dodge certain parts and repairs that were unnecessary.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Fraud)

19. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 9884.7, subdivisions (a)(4) and/or (a)(6) of the Code in that Respondent committed acts constituting fraud by accepting payment for the installation of oil flush and the replacement of the Dodge's front brake rotors and ///

front sway bar bushings and end links, even though those parts were not in need of installation or replacement.

UNDERCOVER OPERATION #2 - April 8, 2013

- 20. On or about April 8, 2013, Bureau employees performed an undercover operation at the subject facility using a 2002 Dodge. Prior to initiating the undercover operation, Bureau personnel had inspected and documented the Dodge. The only repairs needed for the vehicle to be safely driven were an engine oil and filter change, the replacement of the front brake pads, the replacement of the vehicle's throttle position sensor (TPS), and the tightening of the vehicle's driver's side front stabilizer bar link.
- 21. On or about April 8, 2013, a Bureau undercover operator drove the Dodge to the subject facility and spoke with an employee by the name of Jennifer Lintag (Lintag). The operator requested an oil change and also requested that the facility check the brakes, check why the vehicle seemed to ride different, and determine why the check engine light was on. Lintag informed the operator that she would call the operator after the facility had performed an inspection of the vehicle. On or about April 9, 2013, the operator spoke with Lintag who told the operator that the vehicle's front brake pads needed to be replaced and the brake rotors turned, a bolt in the front sway bar needed to be tightened, the TPS needed to be replaced, the throttle body was dirty and needed cleaning, and the brake light switch was stuck in the "on" position and needed to be replaced. Lintag further informed the operator that the cost of the repairs would be around \$1,055. The operator authorized the repairs.
- 22. On or about April 11, 2013, the operator returned to the subject facility to pick up the Dodge. The operator paid \$1,052.64 for the repairs and received a copy of invoice
- 23. A Bureau employee later determined that Respondent's facility replaced the Dodge's brake light switch as invoiced. This part, however, was documented to be in good and serviceable condition and was not in need of replacement or repair. The Bureau employee further determined that the facility tightened the vehicle's driver's side front stabilizer bar link. Invoice

following: "Performed oil and filter change with oil flush adding cleaner and conditioner." The Dodge's manufacturer, however, does not recommend the addition of any additive to the vehicle's engine oil. Finally, Respondent's facility charged for and added fuel system cleaner to the vehicle even though it was not necessary.

24. Bureau personnel determined that Respondent's facility charged the operator \$184.97 in unnecessary parts and labor. The costs paid for these unnecessary parts and labor are shown in Table #2 below.

TABLE #2

Description	Parts Cost \$28.63	Service/installation labor cost \$70.00
Brake switch		
Oil flush	\$25.99	1
Cleaner: fuel system	\$51.35	
Tax	\$9.00	
Total Parts	\$114.97	
Total Labor	\$70	
Total Fraud	\$184.97	

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Untrue and/or Misleading Statements)

- 25. Respondent's registration is subject to discipline under section 9884.7, subdivisions (a)(1) and/or (a)(6) of the Code and California Code of Regulations, title 16, sections 3371 and 3373, in that Respondent made or authorized statements which he knew or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known to be untrue and/or misleading, as follows:
- Respondent's employee told the Bureau's operator that the Dodge needed certain parts and repairs that were unnecessary.
- Respondent's employee listed on the invoice for the repairs to the Dodge certain parts and repairs that were unnecessary.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Fraud)

26. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 9884.7, subdivisions (a)(4) and/or (a)(6) of the Code in that Respondent committed acts constituting fraud by accepting payment for the replacement of the Dodge's brake light switch, the addition of an additive to the vehicle's engine oil, and the addition of fuel system cleaner to the vehicle, even though those parts/repairs were not needed.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Record Work on Invoice)

27. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 9884.8 of the Code and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 3356, subdivision (a)(2)(A) in that Respondent tightened the Dodge's driver's side front stabilizer bar link but did not record this repair on the invoice.

OTHER MATTERS

28. Pursuant to section 9884.7, subdivision (c) of the Code, the Director may suspend, revoke, or place on probation the registrations for all places of business operated in this state by Kew Corporation, Inc., dba Dodge Chrysler Jeep of Vacaville, Clarence Williams, Jr., President, upon a finding that it has, or is, engaged in a course of repeated and willful violations of the laws and regulations pertaining to an automotive repair dealer.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Director of Consumer Affairs issue a decision:

- Revoking or suspending Automotive Repair Dealer Registration Number ARD
 216027 issued to Kew Corporation, Inc., dba Dodge Chrysler Jeep of Vacaville, Clarence
 Williams, Jr., President;
- Revoking or suspending Smog Check Station License Number RC 216027 issued to
 Kew Corporation, Inc., dba Dodge Chrysler Jeep of Vacaville, Clarence Williams, Jr., President;

ACCUSATION